# Profiling Postgres with Perf pgconf.eu 2015

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http://anarazel.de/talks/pgconf-eu-2015-10-29/profilingperf.pdf



## Profiling

Analyze where a resource, e.g. time, is spent during program execution.



# Sampling

- Measure a continuous progress in a discrete way
- Collecting a full "trace" would be too expensive
- Usually low overhead, depends on sampling rate
- Sampling:
  - Every ...Seconds (perf's -F option)
  - Every ... Events (perf's -c option)

# Tracing

- Collect discrete events
- Full tracing of all events too expensive
- Full tracing of all events of a type often also too expensive
- static tracing: predefined event types
- dynamic tracing: new tracepoint at runtime



# What's perf

An annoyingly named suite of linux tools



- sampling, tracing recording: perf record
- display recorded data: perf report
- show live events: perf top
- event counting: perf stat
- dynamic tracing: perf probe
- list events: perf list



## Setup Perf

- Install perf:
  - debian/ubuntu: apt-get install linux-tools
  - Red-Hat based: yum install perf
- enable useful profiling for everyone:

```
sudo sysctl kernel.perf_event_paranoid=-1
sudo sysctl kernel.kptr_restrict=0
```

make it persistent:

```
sudo tee /etc/sysctl.d/60-perf.conf <<EOF
kernel.kptr_restrict=0
kernel.perf_event_paranoid=-1
EOF</pre>
```



## **Prepare Applications**

Install debugging symbols

```
apt-get install libc6-dbg postgresql-9.4-dbg debuginfo-install postgresql94
```

- Recompile with frame pointers enabled
  - framepointers allow efficient hierarchical profiling

```
./configure CFLAGS='-fno-omit-frame-pointer -ggdb -02' ...
```

- newer debian/ubuntu packages have it enabled
- help me lobby devrim to enable it yum.pg.o;)



## **Basic Approach**

- Choose Event(s) to profile. Default is 'cycles'
- perf record && perf report
- perf top



perf record -a sleep 5 perf report --tui --sort comm,dso,symbol

Samples:	38K of event	'cycles', Event count (approx.): 108670457028	
0verhead	Command	Shared Object	Symbol
3.04%	postgres	postgres	<pre>[.] hash_search_with_hash_value</pre>
2.60%	postgres	postgres	[.] _bt_compare
2.10%	postgres	postgres	[.] AllocSetAlloc
1.77%	postgres	postgres	[.] LWLockAcquire
1.57%	postgres	postgres	<pre>[.] GetSnapshotData</pre>
1.53%	postgres	postgres	[.] SearchCatCache
1.09%	pgbench	libc-2.19.so	[.] vfprintf
1.08%	postgres	postgres	[.] PostgresMain
0.95%	postgres	[kernel.kallsyms]	<pre>[k] copy_user_enhanced_fast_str</pre>
0.93%	pgbench	pgbench	[.] doCustom
0.88%	postgres	postgres	[.] LockAcquireExtended
0.80%	postgres	postgres	[.] LockReleaseAll
0.80%	postgres	libc-2.19.so	[.] vfprintf
0.77%	pgbench	[kernel.kallsyms]	[k] do_select
0.74%	postgres	libc-2.19.so	[.] _int_malloc
0.70%	postgres	postgres	[.] hash_any

perf record -a sleep 5 perf report --tui --sort comm,symbol -no-children

```
Samples: 36K of event 'cycles', Event count (approx.): 95946113235
0verhead
         Command
                           Symbol
                           [k] copy user enhanced fast string
   3.53%
         postgres
                           [.] hash search with hash value
   3.28%
         postgres
                           [.] AllocSetAlloc
   1.94%
         postares
          postgres
                           [.] LWLockAcquire
   1.92%
        postgres
                           [.] bt compare
   1.61%
   1.49% postgres
                           [.] SearchCatCache
   1.47%
        postgres
                           [.] GetSnapshotData
  0.84%
        pgbench
                           [.] vfprintf
  0.81%
         postgres
                           [.] PostgresMain
                           [.] doCustom
        pgbench
  0.79%
  0.76%
         postgres
                           [.] LockReleaseAll
         postgres
                           [.] vfprintf
  0.75%
                                 radix tree lookup
   0.74%
         postgres
                           [k]
For a higher level overview, try: perf report --sort comm,dso
```

```
perf record –call-graph lbr -a sleep 5
perf report --tui --sort comm,symbol –no-children
```

```
Samples: 36K of event 'cycles', Event count (approx.): 76786557367
 0verhead
            Command
                             Shared Object
                                                             Symbol
                             [kernel.kallsyms]
                                                             [k] copy user enhanced fa
    3.49% postgres
   copy_user_enhanced_fast_string
      - 96.94% read@plt
           FileRead

    mdread

            - ReadBuffer common
               + ReleaseAndReadBuffer
     + 1.95% send@plt
      + 1.04% recv@plt
    3.18%
           postgres
                             postgres
                                                             [.] hash search with hash
    1.86% postgres
                             postgres
                                                             [.] LWLockAcquire
                                                             [.] AllocSetAlloc
           postgres
                             postgres
    1.80%
    1.64% postgres
                                                                  bt_compare
                             postgres
For a higher level overview, try: perf report --sort comm,dso
```

perf record –call-graph lbr -a sleep 5 perf report --tui --sort comm,symbol –children

San	ıples: 7K	of event	'cycles',	Event count (approx.): 23261875019
C	hildren	Self	Command	Symbol
+	65.40%	0.00%	postgres	[.]libc_start_main
+	65.40%	0.00%	postgres	[.] main
+	65.40%	0.00%	postgres	[.] PostmasterMain
+	65.40%	0.00%	postgres	[.] ServerLoop
+	63.89%	0.87%	postgres	[.] PostgresMain
+	23.29%	0.25%	postgres	[.] PortalRun
+	23.00%	0.30%	postgres	[.] exec_bind_message
+	22.93%	0.10%	postgres	[.] PortalRunSelect
+	22.49%	0.23%	postgres	[.] standard_ExecutorRun
+	19.87%	0.11%	postgres	[.] ExecProcNode
+	18.96%	0.16%	postgres	[.] ExecScan
+	18.25%	0.12%	postgres	[.] IndexNext
+	18.02%	0.18%	postgres	[.] index_getnext
∎or	a higher	r level ov	erview, tr	y: perf reportsort comm,dso

```
SearchCatCache
                /home/andres/build/postgres/dev-optimize/vpath/src/backend/postgres
                     /*
                      * initialize the search key information
                      */
                     memcpy(cur_skey, cache->cc_skey, sizeof(cur_skey));
                      0x70(%r13),%rsi
 0.18
         28:
               lea
                      $0x24,%ecx
               mov
                    -0x150(%rbp),%rdi
               lea
                      movsq %ds:(%rsi),%es:(%rdi)
24.96
               rep
                     cur_skey[3].sk_argument = v4;
                      * find the hash bucket in which to look for the tuple
                     hashValue = CatalogCacheComputeHashValue(cache, cache->cc_nkeys,
Press 'h' for help on key bindings
```

```
Assert(IsTransactionState());

/*
    * one-time startup overhead for each cache
    */
    if (cache->cc_tupdesc == NULL)

cmpq    $0x0,0x28(%rdi)

11.94    i je    47a
    #endif

/*
    * initialize the search key information
    */
    memcpy(cur_skey, cache->cc_skey, sizeof(cur_skey));

Press 'h' for help on key bindings
```

# Looking at one Bottleneck

```
SearchCatCache(CatCache *cache, Datum v1, ..., Datum v4)
{
    ScanKeyData cur_skey[CATCACHE_MAXKEYS]; -- 288 bytes
...
    memcpy(cur_skey, cache->cc_skey, sizeof(cur_skey));
...
    switch (cache->cc_nkeys)
    {
        case 4:
            oneHash = DatumGetUInt32(DirectFunctionCall1(...,cur_skey[3].sk_argument));
    }
}
```



## Call Graph Profiling

- Sample Stack for Events
- Different methods
  - fp: efficient, default, requires compilation flag
  - lbr: efficient, requires new hardware, only hardware events, no tracepoints
  - dwarf: slow, large data, works always, requires debuginfo
- Use Ibr if you can, fp otherwise, fall back to dwarf



#### What to record

- Everything (till ctrl-c): perf record -a
- Everyting for a while: perf record -a sleep 5
- A command: perf record somecommand
- Important options:
  - a systemwide profiling
  - g / --call-graph \$method include stack in samples
  - e event-desc1 what event(s) to measure
  - -F # sampling frequency
  - f \$file store output in \$file



#### What to show

- perf report options:
  - --children include cost of children in sorting
  - --no-children do not include cost of called functions
  - --sort comm,dso,symbol,... fields to "group by"
  - --stdio // --tui // --gtk frontend



#### **Events**

- perf list (depends on user permissions!)
- perf help list syntax for event descriptors
- Important Hardware Events:
  - cycles (both hard & software)
  - cache-misses
  - branch-misses
  - modifiers: pp (precise), u/k (user/kernel)
- Important OS Events
  - page-faults
  - context-switch
- Fewer Hardware events in VMs (especially "cloud")



## Static Tracepoints

- Interesting Tracepoints
  - raw\_syscalls:sys\_enter look at all the tracepoints
  - syscalls:sys\_enter\_semop profile lwlock waits
  - syscalls:sys\_enter\_select profile spinlock waits
  - block:\* block layer tracepoints
  - sched:\* scheduler tracepoints
- Require root
- A bit faster than static tracepoints
- full trace by default, use -F to sample frequent ones



## **Dynamic Tracepoints**

- Manage Dynamic Tracepoints
  - perf probe -l list dynamic tracepoints
  - perf probe -x binary --add ... add tracepoint to binary
  - perf probe –del event/event\*
  - perf probe -x ... --line \$func show lines you can trace
- --add function/function:line/...
- Require Debug Information
- Very useful, especially for measuring contention, causes of load and such
- Multiple Matches, \_1, \_2, ...



## Important Dynamic Tracepoints

- s\_lock unavailable spinlock
- LWLockWakeup blocked others in lwlock
- ProcSleep waiting for other backend, e.g. heavyweight lock
- WaitLatchOrSocket waiting for something, client commands or e.g. a proc wakeup
- XLogInsert()



## Workload #1

```
Available samples

0 probe_postgres: XLogWrite

0 probe_postgres: XLogInsert

185 probe_postgres: WaitLatchOrSocket

25K probe_postgres:s_lock

0 probe_postgres:ProcWakeup_1

0 probe_postgres:ProcWakeup

0 probe_postgres:ProcSleep

0 probe_postgres:LWLockWakeup
```

ESC: exit, ENTER|->: Browse histograms

## Workload #1

```
Samples: 25K of event 'probe_postgres:s_lock', Event count (approx.): 25916
Overhead Command Shared Object Symbol
- 100.00% postgres postgres [.] s_lock
- s_lock
+ 50.73% ReleaseAndReadBuffer
+ 49.27% ReadBuffer_common
```

For a higher level overview, try: perf report --sort comm,dso

## Workload #2

```
Available samples

19 probe_postgres: XLogVrite

88K probe_postgres: XLogInsert

23K probe_postgres: WaitLatchOrSocket

4K probe_postgres: ProcWakeup_1

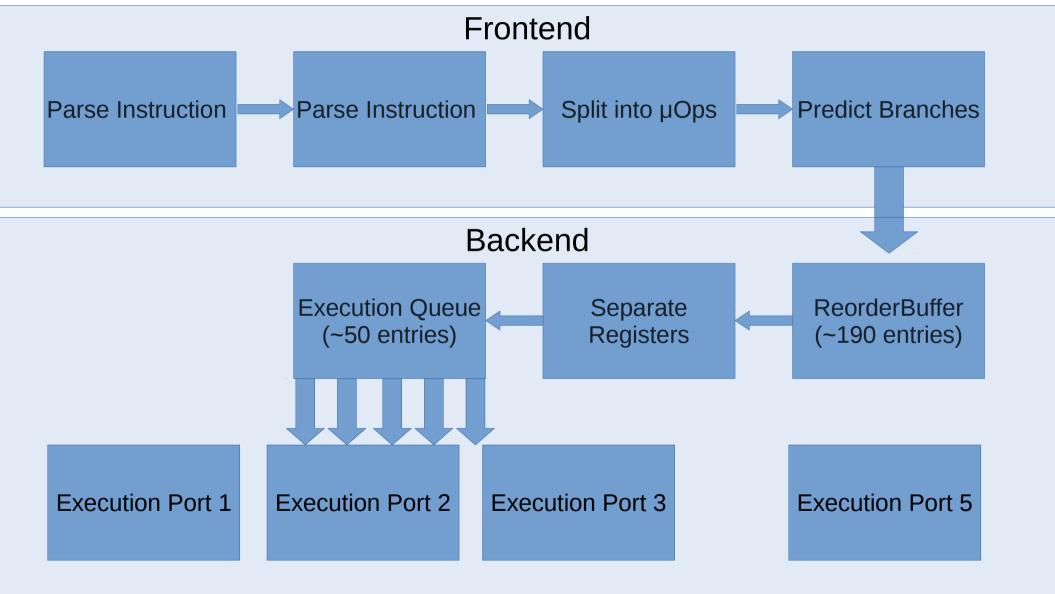
0 probe_postgres: ProcWakeup

3K probe_postgres: ProcSleep

7K probe_postgres: LWLockWakeup

ESC: exit, ENTER ->: Browse histograms
```

# Quick Intro into modern CPUs



## Consequences of modern CPUs

- Out-of-Order hides latencies
- Hidden latencies make profiling much harder
  - sometimes a cache miss is fata
  - most of the time a cache miss is harmless
- Independent instructions allow reordering
- Stalling the entire pipeline is extremely expensive
- Should have it's own talk



## **Additional Tools**

- pmu-tools
  - https://github.com/andikleen/pmu-tools
  - ocperf list show low level intel hardware events
  - toplev look for "pipeline bottleneck"
    - highlevel, not line level profile
- flame graph generator
  - https://github.com/brendangregg/FlameGraph
  - shows profile over time in a graphical manner

